A NEW GENUS OF DERBIDÆ FROM BORNEO

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ONE TEXT FIGURE

Genus MONOCHORRHYNCHUS novum

Head narrower than thorax; vertex quadrate, width of base greater than length, apex about half of base, base obtuse-angularly emarginate, carinae along base and sides fading out toward apex, basal area depressed, rising to apex, elevation at base of face making apex look angular; face narrow, lateral carinae nearly touching in middle, basal half with lateral carinae small and a fine median suture except at base where face is subtumid, apical half of face with deep lateral carinae; clypeus much longer than face, strongly tricarinate; rostrum as long as clypeus, reaching to beyond the middle of abdomen, last segment short, greatly enlarged at apex so that it forms a suckerlike pad; eyes reniform, not reaching beyond the middle of the face; antennae about half the length of face, terete, second joint slightly diminishing at base, flagellum at apex. Pronotum deeply and angularly emarginate on hind margin; mesonotum longer than broad, lateral angles behind middle, tricarinate, the lateral carinae being sutures with fine carinae on the outer edge. Tegmina with six median sectors, the third furcate; cubitus with two veins with the first median sector approximate; clavus small, open.

The tegmen in this genus is similar to that in Paraprontista, to which genus it is related, but the vertex, the face, and the apical joint of rostrum easily distinguish the two genera.

Type, Monochorhynchus wahri Muir.
Monochorhynchus wahri sp. nov.

Male.—Light brown, darker between carinæ of mesonotum, across lateral portions of pronotum, end of rostrum, and over abdominal tergites. Tegmina hyaline, slightly tinged with brown, clearer spots on basal half along costal and radial cells; wings half the length of tegmina, hyaline with brown veins.

Pygophor very short, ventral edge slightly and angularly produced to middle; anal segment longer than wide, anus near base, lateral margins gradually converging beyond anus to the rounded apex; genital style subquadrate, apex wider than base, dorsal edge with a small rim, dorsoapical corner forming a small, round knob with a small spine on it, apical edge with two small, strong spines on the inner margin.

Length, 4.3 millimeters; tegmen, 10.5.

Female unknown.

Borneo (J. E. A. Wahr). Type, No. 13123, Bureau of Science collection.
ILLUSTRATION

TEXT FIGURE

Fig. 1. Monochorkynchus wahri g. et sp. nov., a, face, front view; b, vertex and pronotum, dorsal view; c, genitalia, lateral view; d, rostrum, lateral view.